

# WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

## 2021 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

### House Bill 2281

FISCAL  
NOTE

BY DELEGATE BATES

[Introduced February 10, 2021; Referred  
to the Committee on Banking and Insurance then the  
Judiciary]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §5-16-5 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating  
2 to modifying the method of calculation of the employer and employee contribution  
3 percentages for public employee insurance premiums.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*

**ARTICLE 16. WEST VIRGINIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES INSURANCE ACT.**

**§5-16-5. Purpose, powers, and duties of the finance board; initial financial plan; financial  
plan for following year; and annual financial plans.**

1 (a) The purpose of the finance board created by this article is to bring fiscal stability to the  
2 Public Employees Insurance Agency through development of annual financial plans and long-  
3 range plans designed to meet the agency's estimated total financial requirements, taking into  
4 account all revenues projected to be made available to the agency and apportioning necessary  
5 costs equitably among participating employers, employees and retired employees and providers  
6 of health care services.

7 (b) The finance board shall retain the services of an impartial, professional actuary, with  
8 demonstrated experience in analysis of large group health insurance plans, to estimate the total  
9 financial requirements of the Public Employees Insurance Agency for each fiscal year and to  
10 review and render written professional opinions as to financial plans proposed by the finance  
11 board. The actuary shall also assist in the development of alternative financing options and  
12 perform any other services requested by the finance board or the director. All reasonable fees  
13 and expenses for actuarial services shall be paid by the Public Employees Insurance Agency.  
14 The actuary shall submit a projection of the increase in expenditures for employees' health  
15 insurance benefits for the next plan year finance board. Any financial plan or modifications to a  
16 financial plan approved or proposed by the finance board pursuant to this section shall be  
17 submitted to and reviewed by the actuary and may not be finally approved and submitted to the  
18 Governor and to the Legislature without the actuary's written professional opinion that the plan  
19 may be reasonably expected to generate sufficient revenues to meet all estimated program and

20 administrative costs of the agency, including incurred but unreported claims, for the fiscal year for  
21 which the plan is proposed. The actuary's opinion on the financial plan for each fiscal year shall  
22 allow for no more than 30 days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year.  
23 The actuary's opinion for any fiscal year shall not include a requirement for establishment of a  
24 reserve fund.

25 (c) All financial plans required by this section shall establish:

26 (1) Maximum levels of reimbursement which the Public Employees Insurance Agency  
27 makes to categories of health care providers;

28 (2) Any necessary cost-containment measures for implementation by the director;

29 (3) The levels of premium costs to participating employers; and

30 (4) The types and levels of cost to participating employees and retired employees.

31 The financial plans may provide for different levels of costs based on the insureds' ability  
32 to pay. The finance board may establish different levels of costs to retired employees based upon  
33 length of employment with a participating employer, ability to pay or other relevant factors. The  
34 financial plans may also include optional alternative benefit plans with alternative types and levels  
35 of cost. The finance board may develop policies which encourage the use of West Virginia health  
36 care providers.

37 In addition, the finance board may allocate a portion of the premium costs charged to  
38 participating employers to subsidize the cost of coverage for participating retired employees, on  
39 such terms as the finance board determines are equitable and financially responsible.

40 (d)(1) The finance board shall prepare an annual financial plan for each fiscal year during  
41 which the finance board remains in existence. The finance board ~~chairman~~ chairperson shall  
42 request the actuary to estimate the total financial requirements of the Public Employees Insurance  
43 Agency for the fiscal year.

44 (2) The finance board shall prepare a proposed financial plan designed to generate  
45 revenues sufficient to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the Public

46 Employees Insurance Agency for the fiscal year. The proposed financial plan shall allow for no  
47 more than 30 days of accounts payable to be carried over into the next fiscal year. Before final  
48 adoption of the proposed financial plan, the finance board shall request the actuary to review the  
49 plan and to render a written professional opinion stating whether the plan will generate sufficient  
50 revenues to meet all estimated program and administrative costs of the Public Employees  
51 Insurance Agency for the fiscal year. The actuary's report shall explain the basis of its opinion. If  
52 the actuary concludes that the proposed financial plan will not generate sufficient revenues to  
53 meet all anticipated costs, then the finance board shall make necessary modifications to the  
54 proposed plan to ensure that all actuarially determined financial requirements of the agency ~~will~~  
55 shall be met.

56 (3) Upon obtaining the actuary's opinion, the finance board shall conduct one or more  
57 public hearings in each congressional district to receive public comment on the proposed financial  
58 plan, shall review the comments and shall finalize and approve the financial plan.

59 (4) Any financial plan shall be designed to allow 30 days or less of accounts payable to be  
60 carried over into the next fiscal year. For each fiscal year, the Governor shall provide his or her  
61 estimate of total revenues to the finance board no later than October 15, of the preceding fiscal  
62 year: *Provided, That, beginning October 15, 2021, and each year thereafter, the Governor's*  
63 *estimate of the total revenues shall include at least 80 percent of the projected growth in*  
64 *expenditures for employees health insurance as projected by the actuary: *Provided, however,**  
65 *That* for the prospective financial plans required by this section, the Governor shall estimate the  
66 revenues available for each fiscal year of the plans based on the estimated percentage of growth  
67 in general fund revenues. The finance board shall submit its final, approved financial plan, after  
68 obtaining the necessary actuary's opinion and conducting one or more public hearings in each  
69 congressional district, to the Governor and to the Legislature no later than January 1, preceding  
70 the fiscal year. This estimated available revenue figure shall become final by the 16th day after  
71 the first day of commencement of each legislative session. The financial plan for a fiscal year

72 becomes effective and shall be implemented by the director on July 1, of the fiscal year. In addition  
73 to each final, approved financial plan required under this section, the finance board shall also  
74 simultaneously submit financial statements based on generally accepted accounting practices  
75 (GAAP) and the final, approved plan restated on an accrual basis of accounting, which shall  
76 include allowances for incurred but not reported claims: *Provided*, That the financial statements  
77 and the accrual-based financial plan restatement ~~shall~~ may not affect the approved financial plan.

78 (e) The provisions of Chapter 29A of this code ~~shall~~ may not apply to the preparation,  
79 approval and implementation of the financial plans required by this section.

80 (f) By January 1, of each year the finance board shall submit to the Governor and the  
81 Legislature a prospective financial plan, for a period not to exceed five years, for the programs  
82 provided in this article. Factors that the board shall consider include, but are not limited to, the  
83 trends for the program and the industry; the medical rate of inflation; utilization patterns; cost of  
84 services; and specific information such as average age of employee population, active to retiree  
85 ratios, the service delivery system and health status of the population.

86 (g) The prospective financial plans shall be based on the estimated revenues submitted  
87 in accordance with subdivision (4), subsection (d) of this section and shall include an average of  
88 the projected cost-sharing percentages of premiums and an average of the projected deductibles  
89 and copays for the various programs. Beginning in the plan year which commences on July 1,  
90 2002, and in each plan year thereafter, until and including the plan year which commences on  
91 July 1, 2006, the prospective plans shall include incremental adjustments toward the ultimate level  
92 required in this subsection, in the aggregate cost-sharing percentages of premium between  
93 employers and employees, including the amounts of any subsidization of retired employee  
94 benefits. Effective in the plan year commencing on July 1, 2006, ~~and in each plan year thereafter~~  
95 through the plan year commencing on July 1, 2021, the aggregate premium cost-sharing  
96 percentages between employers and employees, including the amounts of any subsidization of  
97 retired employee benefits, shall be at a level of 80 percent for the employer and 20 percent for

98 employees, except for the employers provided in §5-16-18(d) of this code whose premium cost-  
99 sharing percentages shall be governed by that subsection. Beginning with the plan year  
100 commencing on July 1, 2022, and each year thereafter, the finance board may not increase in the  
101 aggregate the employees' premium and cost-sharing provisions that are in effect for the plan year  
102 commencing July 1, 2021, other than adjustments for the projected growth in employees' health  
103 insurance expenditures. For the plan year commencing on July 1, 2021, and each year thereafter,  
104 the Legislature shall appropriate in general and special revenues at least 80 percent of the  
105 projected growth in employees' health insurance expenditures as determined by the actuary:  
106 Provided, That if the Legislature has appropriated more than 80 percent in the previous year, the  
107 Legislature can reduce their share of the growth in employees' health insurance expenditures by  
108 the percent funded by Legislature over 80 percent for one year: Provided, however, That the  
109 Legislature's share of the growth in employees' health insurance expenditures may not be less  
110 than 70 percent. The employees' share of the projected growth in employees' health insurance  
111 expenditures as determined by the actuary may not be more than 20 percent. The finance board  
112 shall establish the employees' 20 percent share of projected increases in employees' health  
113 insurance expenditures through increases in any combination of premiums, reduction in benefits,  
114 deductibles, copayments, co-insurances, out-of-pocket maximums or incentives for wellness.

115 (h) After the submission of the initial prospective plan, the board may not increase costs  
116 to the participating employers or change the average of the premiums, deductibles and copays  
117 for employees, except in the event of a true emergency as provided in this section: *Provided, That*  
118 *if the board invokes the emergency provisions, the cost shall be borne between the employers*  
119 *and employees in proportion to the cost-sharing ratio for that plan year: Provided, however, That*  
120 *for purposes of this section, "emergency" means that the most recent projections demonstrate*  
121 *that plan expenses will exceed plan revenues by more than one percent in any plan year: Provided*  
122 *further, That the aggregate premium cost-sharing percentages between employers and*  
123 *employees, including the amounts of any subsidization of retired employee benefits, may be*

124 offset, in part, by a legislative appropriation for that purpose.

125 ~~(h)~~ (i) The finance board shall meet on at least a quarterly basis to review implementation  
126 of its current financial plan in light of the actual experience of the Public Employees Insurance  
127 Agency. The board shall review actual costs incurred, any revised cost estimates provided by the  
128 actuary, expenditures and any other factors affecting the fiscal stability of the plan and may make  
129 any additional modifications to the plan necessary to ensure that the total financial requirements  
130 of the agency for the current fiscal year are met. The finance board may not increase the types  
131 and levels of cost to employees during its quarterly review except in the event of a true  
132 emergency.

133 ~~(i)~~ (j) For any fiscal year in which legislative appropriations differ from the Governor's  
134 estimate of general and special revenues available to the agency, the finance board shall, within  
135 30 days after passage of the budget bill, make any modifications to the plan necessary to ensure  
136 that the total financial requirements of the agency for the current fiscal year are met.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to effectuate the recommendations of the Governor's Task Force on PEIA recommendation on altering the method of calculation of the 80-20 employer/employee match that is required under current law for calculation of payments for PEIA premiums.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.